



Titre: Title:	In situ brain tumor detection using a Raman spectroscopy system — results of a multicenter study. Supplément	
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Date:	2024	
Туре:	Article de revue / Article	
Référence: Citation:	Ember, K., Dallaire, F., Plante, A., Sheehy, G., Guiot, MC., Agarwal, R., Yadav, R., Douet, A., Selb, J., Tremblay, J. P., Dupuis, A., Marple, E., Urmey, K., Rizea, C., Harb, A., McCarthy, L., Schupper, A., Umphlett, M., Tsankova, N., Petrecca, K. (2024). In situ brain tumor detection using a Raman spectroscopy system — results of a multicenter study. Scientific Reports, 14, 14 (12 pages). <u>https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-62543-9</u>	

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Γ	Document publié chez l'éditeur officiel
	Document issued by the official publisher

Titre de la revue: Journal Title:	Scientific Reports (vol. 14)
Maison d'édition: Publisher:	Springer Nature
URL officiel: Official URL:	https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-62543-9
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Supplementary figures and tables

Table S1. Assignment of Raman-active biomolecular vibrational modes from literature. The features (peak center) assigned to "lipid" are in comparison to spectral fingerprints from purified brain lipids⁴⁵ including phosphatidylethanolamine, phosphatidylcholine and sphingomyelin.²⁸ The features assigned to "protein" are in comparison to spectral fingerprints from purified proteins such as collagen.²⁶ Legend: C-H: carbon-hydrogen single bonds, C=C: carbon-carbon double bonds (unsaturated), C-C: carbon-carbon bonds, CH₂: ethyl group, CH₃: methyl group.

Spectral feature (peak center)	Biomolecular assignment
831 cm^{-1}	Protein (tyrosine) ^{10,12}
$856 {\rm ~cm^{-1}}$	Protein $(tyrosine)^{10,12}$
1004 cm^{-1}	Protein (phenylalanine) ^{10,12}
$1086 {\rm ~cm^{-1}}$	Lipid (C–C bonds), ¹³ phosphate (phospholipids, nucleic acids) ^{13,14}
1131 cm^{-1}	Lipid (C–C bonds) ¹³
1250 - 1260	Protein (amide), ¹⁰ lipid (unsaturated)
$1299 {\rm ~cm^{-1}}$	Lipid (saturated bonds, CH_2) ¹³
$1340 {\rm ~cm^{-1}}$	Protein (tryptophan, $C-H$) ^{10,12}
1441 cm^{-1}	Lipid (saturated bonds, CH_2 , CH_3), ¹³ protein (C–H) ¹⁰
$1550 {\rm ~cm^{-1}}$	Protein (tryptophan) ^{10,12}
1621 cm^{-1}	Protein (tyrosine, tryptophan, phenylalanine) ^{10,12}
$1659 {\rm ~cm^{-1}}$	Lipid (unsaturated C=C), ¹³ protein (amide) ¹⁰

Normal

Bulk tumor



Supplementary Figure S1: Haemotoxylin and eosin stains of normal and bulk tumor brain tissue sections. "Normal brain" indicates a cancer burden of 0% and whilst a cancer burden of >90% is "tumor" tissue. The scale bar is 50 micrometers. This example is from a patient with glioblastoma.



Supplementary Figure S2: (A-F) Data processing process. (A) Reference spectrum of polycarbonate used to convert CCD camera pixels into wavenumbers based on a polycarbonate spectrum measured with the Sentry system. (B) Instrument response function (IRF) measured with the system from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Raman standard. (C) Dark count background acquired with the laser turned off and unprocessed (raw) *in situ* brain spectrum showing cosmic ray events. The grey dotted line designates the region that is truncated before further spectral preprocessing. (D) Spectrum after removal of cosmic rays and normalization with the IRF with the non-Raman baseline contribution isolated using the BubbleFiill shown in blue. The SNV-normalized Raman spectrum is shown at the bottom. (E-F) Representation of correction applied to (E) one low quality spectrum (QF = 0.37) and (F) one high quality spectrum (QF = 0.69).



Figure S3. (A-D) Data from MNI-H and MSH showing spectral fingerprints from each medicalcenter with quality factor applied. Spectral fingerprints were plotted for patients with (A) glioblastoma,(B) metastasis, (C) meningioma, and (D) all tumor types combined.



Supplementary Figure S4: (A-E) Machine learning model with no quality factor threshold applied to the data. (A) Table presenting all results from machine learning models discriminating between spectral fingerprints from non-tumoral brain and tumor in patients with different types of cancer. Spectral fingerprints were plotted for patients with (B) glioblastoma, (C) metastasis, (D) meningioma, and (E) all tumor types.